# NOTICE OF MEETING

# CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE'S SCRUTINY PANEL

Monday, 18th December, 2017, 7.00 pm - Civic Centre, High Road, Wood Green, N22 8LE

**Members**: Councillors Kirsten Hearn (Chair), Mark Blake, Sarah Elliott, Toni Mallett, Liz Morris and Reg Rice

**Co-optees/Non Voting Members**: Luci Davin (Parent Governor representative), Uzma Naseer (Parent Governor Representative) and Yvonne Denny (Church representative)

Quorum: 3

# 1. FILMING AT MEETINGS

Please note that this meeting may be filmed or recorded by the Council for live or subsequent broadcast via the Council's internet site or by anyone attending the meeting using any communication method. Although we ask members of the public recording, filming or reporting on the meeting not to include the public seating areas, members of the public attending the meeting should be aware that we cannot guarantee that they will not be filmed or recorded by others attending the meeting. Members of the public participating in the meeting (e.g. making deputations, asking questions, making oral protests) should be aware that they are likely to be filmed, recorded or reported on.

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The chair of the meeting has the discretion to terminate or suspend filming or recording, if in his or her opinion continuation of the filming, recording or reporting would disrupt or prejudice the proceedings, infringe the rights of any individual or may lead to the breach of a legal obligation by the Council.

# 2. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

# 3. ITEMS OF URGENT BUSINESS

The Chair will consider the admission of any late items of urgent business (late items will be considered under the agenda item where they appear. New items will be dealt with as noted below).



# 4. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

A member with a disclosable pecuniary interest or a prejudicial interest in a matter who attends a meeting of the authority at which the matter is considered:

- (i) must disclose the interest at the start of the meeting or when the interest becomes apparent, and
- (ii) may not participate in any discussion or vote on the matter and must withdraw from the meeting room.

A member who discloses at a meeting a disclosable pecuniary interest which is not registered in the Register of Members' Interests or the subject of a pending notification must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest within 28 days of the disclosure.

Disclosable pecuniary interests, personal interests and prejudicial interests are defined at Paragraphs 5-7 and Appendix A of the Members' Code of Conduct.

# 5. DEPUTATIONS/PETITIONS/PRESENTATIONS/QUESTIONS

To consider any requests received in accordance with Part 4, Section B, Paragraph 29 of the Council's Constitution.

# 6. MINUTES (PAGES 1 - 6)

To approve the minutes of the meeting of 6 November 2017.

# 7. SCRUTINY OF THE DRAFT 5 YEAR MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL STRATEGY (2018/19 - 2022/23) (PAGES 7 - 54)

To consider and comment on the Council's draft 5 year (2018/19 to 2022/23) Medium Term Financial Strategy proposals relating to the Panel's remit (i.e. Priority 1).

# 8. WORK PROGRAMME UPDATE (PAGES 55 - 62)

To consider the proposed work programme of the Panel for the remainder of the municipal year.

# 9. NEW ITEMS OF URGENT BUSINESS

To consider any items admitted at item 3 above.

#### 10. DATES OF FUTURE MEETINGS

To note the dates of future Panel meetings:

- 8 March 2017.

Rob Mack, Principal Scrutiny Officer Tel – 020 8489 2921 Fax – 020 8881 5218 Email: rob.mack@haringey.gov.uk

Bernie Ryan Assistant Director – Corporate Governance and Monitoring Officer River Park House, 225 High Road, Wood Green, N22 8HQ

Friday, 08 December 2017



# MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE'S SCRUTINY PANEL HELD ON MONDAY 6TH NOVEMBER 2017

# **PRESENT:**

Councillors: Kirsten Hearn (Chair), Mark Blake, Toni Mallett and Reg Rice

Co-opted Member: Luci Davin (Parent Governor representative)

#### 31. FILMING AT MEETINGS

The Chair referred Members present to agenda Item one as shown on agenda in respect of filming at the meeting and Members noted the information contained therein.

## 32. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for absence were received from Councillor Morris and Ms Denny and Ms Naseer.

#### 33. ITEMS OF URGENT BUSINESS

None.

# 34. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

None.

### 35. DEPUTATIONS/PETITIONS/PRESENTATIONS/QUESTIONS

None.

# 36. MINUTES

In respect of the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph of page 3 (agenda item 23.; Review on Disproportionality within the Youth Justice System), Councillor Weston reported that the Black and Minority Ethnic Steering Group had been set up at her behest rather than by the Schools Forum. In respect the 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph of page 6 (agenda item 24. Financial Monitoring/Budget Savings), Margaret Dennison, Interim Director of Children's Services, reported that the word "not" should be deleted.

# **AGREED:**

That, subject to the above mentioned amendments, the minutes of the meeting of 5 October 2017 be approved.



### 37. HARINGEY SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN BOARD ANNUAL REPORT 2016/17

Geraldine Gavin, Interim Independent Chair of the Local Safeguarding Children's Board (LSCB), introduced the LSCB Annual Report. She had taken over from Sir Paul Ennals after he had departed in May. The report focused on what had been successful and what needed to be improved. Of greatest significance was the recent publication of the revised "Working Together to Safeguard Children" and child death review guidance and new regulations for consultation. These proposed some major changes.

From April 2019, LSCBs would cease to exist. Safeguarding would become the responsibility of three statutory partners; the local authority, CCG and Police. In respect of the proposals relating to serious case reviews, it was proposed that they would continue to be undertaken locally except where there were issues that might be of national interest, which would be dealt with by a national panel. New arrangements to review child deaths would need to be agreed locally. The proposed changes and transitional process carried some risks in their implementation and there was important work to do over the next 18 months to make sure the risks were well managed.

Since coming to Haringey, she had found an active partnership and good dialogue. She felt that the LSCB was keen and alert to bringing in changes where necessary. There had been an increasing amount of pressure to access services. There were currently too many cases being referred inwards and not enough early intervention. She highlighted a number of issues;

- The LSCB was giving particular attention to neglect;
- Gangs and serious youth violence were big issues. She noted that the borough's Youth Parliament had identified gangs and crime, mental health and having things to do as their top three priorities;
- In respect of mental health, a concordat had been signed to prevent young people
  in crisis being held temporarily in Police stations. Consideration was being given
  by the government to passing responsibility for this issue to local authorities; and
- The London Safeguarding Board continued to play a significant role. Issues of child sexual exploitation, female genital mutilation and the Prevent programme were three London wide priorities that all local LSCBs also needed to make progress on.

In answer to a question, she stated that funding for the LSCB was its biggest challenge. Partners made contributions to the LSCB but the bulk of the funding came from the local authority. Under the new arrangements, the costs were intended to be shared between the three statutory partners. Under the current system, the amount contributed by CCGs varied between areas and some other areas received more from their CCG than Haringey. She commented that the new arrangements would include provision for independent scrutiny, although how this was done would be a matter for local determination.

Ms Gavin commented that she had access to a spreadsheet on LSCB funding across London. Some boroughs received virtually nothing from external sources to fund their LSCB but payment in kind was sometimes offered instead. The new guidance stated

that all three statutory partners should jointly fund the LSCB. Serious case reviews could have significant financial implications, with each costing between £5-10,000, and there could be several of these each year. She felt that, at the very least, there needed to be some consistency between boroughs who were part of the Sustainability and Transformation Plan for north central London. There was a requirement for independent external scrutiny within the guidance but how this was achieved was not specified.

She stated that the purpose of the LSCB was to facilitate partnership and dialogue and hold partners to account for their contribution to keeping children and young people safe. There was a small business unit to support this in Haringey. New support arrangements would need to be determined as part of the local transitional arrangements. Although the aim of the new arrangements was to remove unnecessary bureaucracy, there was a need for a minimum level of administrative support.

The timing and frequency of board meetings was a matter for it to decide and it currently met on a three monthly basis. Reducing the number of meetings and restricting attendance to just those who were essential helped make arrangements more cost effective. However, there was a risk though that the voluntary sector and schools would not be as well engaged with the LSCB as a result of this. Active lay members could add value to the work of the LSCB.

In answer to a question, Ms. Gavin stated that the LSCB got no money from central government. It was entirely funded by safeguarding partners. She reported that the first draft of the updated Working Together had contained no reference to schools. Of particular relevance was the fact they were not regarded as a statutory partner. Most LSCBs currently contained Headteacher representatives but some academies were less co-operative. Most Headteachers were nevertheless keen to assist. She stated that there were specific concerns in respect of home educated children that needed to be considered.

In response to a question, Ms. Gavin reported that there were good links with Adult Safeguarding but there was nevertheless a need for services to be joined up better. Whilst improvements had been made, more progress needed to be made.

In answer to a question regarding lay and community involvement, she reported that a newsletter had been produced for community and voluntary sector colleagues in order to generate awareness and interest. However, there were some difficulties due to lack of funding. She felt that practice could be better informed by engagement with the community. The Youth Council could provide a source of feedback but thought needed to be given on how best to engage with them.

She reported that were around 600 serious case reviews that took place nationally in a year and they were all now required to be published. In practice, most LSCBs published executive summaries on their websites. There was one currently in progress in Haringey and there were currently around 1-2 per year. Cities such as Birmingham could have up to 8 at any one time.

They Panel thanked Ms. Gavin for her kind assistance.

# 38. CABINET MEMBER QUESTIONS; CHILDREN AND FAMILIES AND COMMUNITIES

Councillor Eugene Ayisi, the Cabinet Member for Communities, reported on current issues within his portfolio. In terms of youth services that were provided by the Council, he reported that current provision covered only a small number of young people within the borough. Schools and other organisations provided a certain amount in addition to this. A working group had been set up to consider youth provision, including a partnership with Onside to develop a Youth Zone for Haringey. The ambition was to cater for 1500 young people and provide opportunities for 7 days per week.

In answer to a question regarding the voice of the child, he stated that it was often too late by the time engagement took place with those who came into contact with the Youth Justice Service. Interventions needed to take place at an earlier stage, before young people got into trouble. Risk factors could include young people becoming disillusioned with school and exposure to domestic violence. Although youth services could assist, they were not a silver bullet.

Gill Gibson, Assistant Director for Early Help and Prevention, reported that there were plans to deliver a 'Hackathon' participation event on addressing obesity and it was intended to follow this with a further participation event on the theme of knife crime. The Youth Council, who had strong links with schools and community groups, were on the steering group arranging these and so would be involved.

In answer to a question, the Cabinet Member stated that there was an awareness of what provision for young people existed across the borough that was provided by the community and voluntary sector. The Bridge Renewal Trust had assisted with this process. Onside would be utilised to help develop additional capacity. He would be happy to share details of current provision.

In answer to a question regarding Black History Month, he stated that a Black and Minority Ethnic (BAME) staff network had been developed. He felt that staff were an excellent resource whose contribution could sometimes be overlooked. However, he felt that it was important that senior management within the Council were reflective of the borough's diversity.

In response to a question regarding knife crime, he stated that it was important that young people had confidence in the Police to protect them. However, confidence in the Police in Haringey was low and had been low historically. Police were now being assigned to primary schools so that relationships could be built up with children from an earlier age. He felt that there needed to be a dual approach, with enforcement for those who committed offences and support for those who needed it. Whilst it was necessary sometimes to have a robust approach to enforcement, he felt that there needed to be balance.

Councillor Weston, the Cabinet Member for Children and Families, responded to questions from the Panel. In respect of the Harris Academy, she stated that it was difficult to know what was behind their very good OFSTED inspection results.

Nationally, 57% of their academies were classified as outstanding. Of the three Harris Academies in Haringey, two were rated as outstanding and one rated as good. However, 99% of all schools in Haringey were rated as either good or outstanding.

There was no evidence of looked after children having difficulty in gaining admission to schools within the borough, including academies. Broadly speaking, there were no differences in the way that academies dealt with admissions. Looked after children were offered places within the time limit in virtually all cases. Looked after children also had access to the borough's Virtual School, which was very highly rated. She agreed to find out how many looked after children attended academies within the borough and report back.

In respect of Education, Health and Social Care assessments, these were still comparatively new. There was a 20-week completion target, which was challenging. Haringey had used trained staff to coordinate plans and were seeking to commission additional days. There were currently vacant posts within the service but she was confident that that all of the assessments would be dealt with within the 20-week time limit once these were filled. 30% were currently completed within the time limit.

She was aware that changes to the SEN transport had caused difficulties for some families as there was no longer a door-to-door service. Some families had contacted her with concerns regarding this and work had taken place to find a solution. She was happy to consider the arrangements for other families if they contacted her. Gill Gibson, Assistant Director for Early Help and Prevention, reported that changes had been made to accommodate particular children if necessary. As agreed at the last Panel meeting, she would circulate a briefing on the changes shortly. The number of routes had been reduced from 151 to 108 in order to make savings. The service was nevertheless mindful of the needs of children.

The Chair reported that Panel Members had submitted a number of questions to the Cabinet Member regarding concerns that had been raised in respect of support offered to families with no recourse to public funds (NRPF) and it had been agreed that a fuller response would be made to these in due course.

Panel Members expressed concern at the evidence that they had received from community and voluntary sector organisations regarding the service provided by the no recourse to public funds (NRPF) team. The Cabinet Member stated that the concerns raised had been on board. Ms Alexander reported that some of the concerns had been shared by management and two audits had been commissioned in response to them in order to obtain a clearer picture of practice. The most recent one had shown practice to be compliant but had also made some recommendations for improvement.

The Cabinet Member reported that families who were NRPF came under a number of different categories. Such assistance that could be required focussed on the needs of children. Training was provided for relevant staff on a regular basis and this included specific sessions on issues such as human rights.

In respect of the amount of subsistence that was provided, Sarah Alexander, Assistant Director for Safeguarding and Social Care, reported that the amount payable was

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£65.75 per family but this did not include housing. There was no set amount and what was currently paid was lower than the £73.90 that advice suggested was appropriate. She was not aware as to why this level had been set. Whilst it would be possible to review the amount payable, any increase would have a significant impact on the budget and there was no provision for this.

The Cabinet Member reported that a member of staff had been commissioned from the Home Office to undertake immigration tests, support social work staff and analyse data. Consideration was currently being given to whether this support should be recommissioned. In terms of safeguarding, Ms Alexander reported that victims from NRPF families received the same service as any other child.

In answer to a question regarding whether austerity had led to more children being taken into care, the Cabinet Member reported that it was not possible to be certain whether this was the case in Haringey. The number of looked after children had fallen since its peak but there had been an increase recently. It was possible that this was due to there being more unaccompanied asylum seekers.

In respect of the free childcare offer for 3 and 4 year olds, she reported that it had been estimated that there were 1710 children in Haringey that were entitled to the offer. The projected number of places was 1419 and considered sufficient to meet demand. However, there had been problems with the HMRC system that was intended to support provision. Webpages to promote take up had been updated and parent champions were being recruited to encourage take up. There had been a negative impact on some childcare settings and a review of progress was planned. The borough was funded according to the level of take up.

The Panel thanked the Cabinet Members for their kind assistance.

# AGREED:

That the Cabinet Member for Children and Families be requested to circulate details to the Panel on the number of looked after children attending academies in the borough.

# 39. WORK PROGRAMME UPDATE

#### AGREED:

That the work plan be approved.

CHAIR: Councillor Kirsten Hearn
Signed by Chair
Date

Agenda Item 7

Report for: Budget Scrutiny Panels

Adults and Health Scrutiny Panel, 14<sup>th</sup> December 2017

- Children and Young People Scrutiny Panel, 18<sup>th</sup> December 2017
- Housing and Regeneration Scrutiny Panel, 19<sup>th</sup> December 2017
- Environment and Community Safety Scrutiny Panel, 21<sup>st</sup> December 2017

Overview and Scrutiny Committee, 11th January 2018

Item number:

Title: Scrutiny of the Draft 5 Year Medium Term Financial Strategy

(2018/19-2022/23)

Report authorised by: Clive Heaphy, Chief Finance Officer and s151 Officer

Lead Officer: Oladapo Shonola, Lead Officer Budget & MTFS

Ward(s) affected: N/A

Report for Key/

Non Key Decision: N/A

# 1. Describe the issue under consideration

1.1 To consider and comment on the Council's draft 5 year (2018/19 to 2022/23) Medium Term Financial Strategy proposals relating to the Scrutiny Panels' remit.

#### 2. Recommendations

2.1 That the Panels consider, and provide recommendations to Overview and Scrutiny Committee, on the Medium Term Financial Strategy 2018/19 to 2022/23 and savings proposals relating to the Scrutiny Panel's remit.

# 3. Background information

- 3.1 The Council's Overview and Scrutiny Procedure Rules (Constitution, Part 4, Section G) state: "The Overview and Scrutiny Committee shall undertake scrutiny of the Council's budget through a Budget Scrutiny process. The procedure by which this operates is detailed in the Protocol covering the Overview and Scrutiny Committee".
- 3.2 Also laid out in this section is that "the Chair of the Budget Scrutiny Review process will be drawn from among the opposition party Councillors sitting on the Overview and Scrutiny Committee. The Overview and Scrutiny Committee shall not be able to change the appointed Chair unless there is a vote of no confidence as outlined in Article 6.5 of the Constitution".

# 4. Overview and Scrutiny Protocol

- 4.1 The Overview and Scrutiny Protocol lays out the process of Budget Scrutiny and includes the following points:
  - a. The budget shall be scrutinised by each Scrutiny Review Panel, in their respective areas. Their reports shall go to the OSC for approval. The areas of the budget which are not covered by the Scrutiny Review Panels shall be considered by the main OSC.
  - b. A lead OSC member from the largest opposition group shall be responsible for the co-ordination of the Budget Scrutiny process and recommendations made by respective Scrutiny Review Panels relating to the budget.
  - c. Overseen by the lead member referred to in paragraph 4.1.b, each Scrutiny Review Panel shall hold a meeting following the release of the December Cabinet report on the new Medium Term Financial Strategy. Each Panel shall consider the proposals in this report, for their respective areas. The Scrutiny Review Panels may request that the Cabinet Member for Finance and Health and/or Senior Officers attend these meetings to answer questions.
  - d. Each Scrutiny Review Panel shall submit their final budget scrutiny report to the OSC meeting in January containing their recommendations/proposal in respect of the budget for ratification by the OSC.
  - e. The recommendations from the Budget Scrutiny process, ratified by the OSC, shall be fed back to Cabinet. As part of the budget setting process, the Cabinet will clearly set out its response to the recommendations/ proposals made by the OSC in relation to the budget.

# 5. Draft 5 year MTFS (2018/19 – 2022/23)

- 5.1 In July of this year the Overview and Scrutiny Committee considered the MTFS (2018/19 2022/23) planning timetable and budget scrutiny process for 2018/19. As set out in that report, work commenced on a new five year MTFS in July 2017 and a draft MTFS is now in place for consideration by Cabinet.
- 5.2 After taking into account anticipated funding reductions, demand pressures and a review of the base financial position including the achievability of previously agreed savings and new savings proposed, there is an underlying gap of approximately £15m in the budget and further action will need to be taken by the council to bridge this budget gap.
- 5.3 The savings proposals to be considered by Scrutiny panels are split into two categories:
  - MTFS savings previously considered as part of 2017/18 budget setting (Appendix C), but further savings are expected to be delivered from these savings options in 2018/19; and
  - New savings proposals submitted as part of this year's (2018/19) budget setting (Appendix E).
- 5.4 Scrutiny panel recommendations relating to 2017/18 savings that were previously considered in December 2016/January 2017 which also form part of the 2018/19 budget setting are attached at Appendix D.

- 5.5 This meeting is asked to consider the proposals relating to the services within its remit and to make draft recommendations to be referred to the Overview and Scrutiny Committee on 29<sup>th</sup> January 2018 for discussion, prior to approval and referral to Cabinet for consideration in advance of the Full Council meeting in February 2018. For reference the remit of each Scrutiny Panel is as follows:
  - Priority 1 Children and Young People Scrutiny Panel
  - Priority 2 Adult and Health Scrutiny Panel
  - Priority 3 Environment and Community Safety Scrutiny Panel
  - Priority 4 Housing and Regeneration Scrutiny Panel
  - Priority 5 Housing and Regeneration Scrutiny Panel
  - Priority X Overview and Scrutiny Committee
- As an aide memoire to assist with the scrutiny of budget proposals, possible key lines of enquiry are attached at Appendix A. This report is specifically concerned with Stage 1 (planning and setting the budget) as a key part of the overall annual financial scrutiny activity.
- 5.7 Appendix B sets out the summary of the draft five year MTFS by priority area.
- 6. Contribution to strategic outcomes
- 6.1 The Budget Scrutiny process for 2018/19 will contribute to strategic outcomes relating to all Council priorities.
- 7. Statutory Officers comments

#### Finance

7.1 There are no financial implications arising directly from this report. Should any of the work undertaken by Overview and Scrutiny generate recommendations with financial implications then these will be highlighted at that time.

# Legal

- 7.2 There are no immediate legal implications arising from this report.
- 7.3 In accordance with the Council's Constitution (Part 4, Section G), the Overview and Scrutiny Committee should undertake scrutiny of the Council's budget through a Budget Scrutiny process. The procedure by which this operates is detailed in the Protocol, which is outside the Council's constitution, covering the Overview and Scrutiny Committee.

# **Equality**

- 7.4 The Equality Act 2010 places a 'General Duty' on all public bodies to have 'due regard'
  - Eliminating discrimination, harassment and victimisation
  - Advancing equality of opportunity
  - Fostering good relations

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In addition, the Council complies with the Marriage (same sex couples) Act 2013.

- 7.5 The Act covers nine protected characteristics which are:
  - age
  - disability
  - gender and gender reassignment
  - pregnancy and maternity status
  - marriage and civil partnership
  - ethnicity
  - religion or belief
  - sexual orientation
- 7.6 The Public Sector Equality Duty came into force on 5 April 2011. The broad purpose of the equality duty is to integrate consideration of equality and good relations into the day-to-day business of public authorities in shaping policy, in delivering services and in relation to their own employees, and for these issues to be kept under review If we do not consider how a function can affect different groups in different ways, it is unlikely to have the intended effect. This can contribute to greater inequality and poor outcomes.
- 7.7 Every person can identify with a combination of these characteristics; we all have an age, a disability status, a gender, our own beliefs and a sexual orientation. It is not the purpose of equalities monitoring to put people in boxes but to ensure that all groups of people have their needs met.
- 7.8 Haringey Council believes the Equality Impact Assessment process is an important way of informing our decision making process.
- 7.9 Tackling inequality is a priority for the council and this is reflected in the objectives and performance targets we have set out in the corporate plan 2015-18, as well as the ambition for the Council's Borough Plan, which will set the vision for Haringey from 2018 to 2022.
- 7.10 The new savings proposals in this report are currently at a high level and will be developed further as new operating models, service changes and policy changes are progressed and implemented. Equalities impact assessments will be developed as part of this process. Where there are existing proposals on which decisions have been taken, existing equalities impact assessments will be signposted.
- 7.11 Any comments received will be taken into consideration and a further update will be brought to Cabinet in February 2018.

# 8. Use of Appendices

Appendix A – Key lines of enquiry for budget setting

Appendix B – 5 year Medium Term Financial Strategy (2018/19 – 2022/23) - Cabinet 12<sup>th</sup> December 2017

Appendix C – 2017 Budget (Savings) Proposals

Appendix D – 2017 (Prior Year) Overview & Scrutiny Recommendations

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Appendix E – 2018 (New) Budget Proposals

# 9. Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985

Background papers: 5 year Medium Term Financial Strategy (2018/19 – 2022/23) - Cabinet 12<sup>th</sup> December 2017

# Financial Scrutiny: Understanding your Role in the Budget Process

This document summarises issues and questions you should consider as part of your review of financial information. You might like to take it with you to your meetings, and use it as an aide-memoir.

# Overall, is the MTFS and annual budget:

- A financial representation of the council's policy framework/ priorities?
- Legal (your Section 151 Officer will specifically advise on this)?
- Affordable and prudent?

# Stage 1 – planning and setting the budget

Always seek to scrutinise financial information at a strategic level and try to avoid too much detail at this stage. For example, it is better to ask whether the proposed budget is sufficient to fund the level of service planned for the year rather than asking why £x has been cut from a service budget.

Possible questions which Scrutiny members might consider –

- Are the MTFS, capital programme and revenue budget financial representations of what the council is trying to achieve?
- Does the MTFS and annual budget reflect the revenue effects of the proposed capital programme?
- How does the annual budget relate to the MTFS?
- What level of Council Tax is proposed? Is this acceptable in terms of national capping rules and local political acceptability?
- Is there sufficient money in "balances" kept aside for unforeseen needs?
- Are services providing value for money (VFM)? How is VFM measured and how does it relate to service quality and customer satisfaction?
- Have fees and charges been reviewed, both in terms of fee levels and potential demand?
- Does any proposed budget growth reflect the council's priorities?
- Does the budget contain anything that the council no longer needs to do?
- Do service budgets reflect and adequately resource individual service plans?
- Could the Council achieve similar outcomes more efficiently by doing things differently?

# Stage 2 – Monitoring the budget

It is the role of "budget holders" to undertake detailed budget monitoring, and the Executive and individual Portfolio Holders will overview such detailed budget monitoring. Budget monitoring should never be carried out in isolation from service performance information. Scrutiny should assure itself that budget monitoring is being carried out, but should avoid duplicating discussions and try to add value to the process. Possible questions which Scrutiny members might consider –

- What does the under/over spend mean in terms of service performance? What are the overall implications of not achieving performance targets?
- What is the forecast under/over spend at the year end?
- What plans have budget managers and/or the Portfolio Holder made to bring spending back on budget? Are these reasonable?
- Does the under/over spend signal a need for a more detailed study into the service area?

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# Stage 3 – Reviewing the budget

At the end of the financial year you will receive an "outturn report". Use this to look back and think about what lessons can be learned. Then try to apply these lessons to discussions about future budgets. Possible questions which Scrutiny members might consider —

- Did services achieve what they set out to achieve in terms of both performance and financial targets?
- What were public satisfaction levels and how do these compare with budgets and spending?
- Did the income and expenditure profile match the plan, and, if not, what conclusions can be drawn?
- What are the implications of over or under achievement for the MTFS?
- Have all planned savings been achieved, and is the impact on service performance as expected?
- Have all growth bids achieved the planned increases in service performance?
- If not, did anything unusual occur which would mitigate any conclusions drawn?
- How well did the first two scrutiny stages work, were they useful and how could they be improved?

# HARINGEY COUNCIL MEDIUM TERM FINANCIAL PLAN - APRIL 2018 - MARCH 2023

	2017/18	Movement	2018/19	Movement	2019/20	Movement	2020/21	Movement	2021/22	Movement	2022/23
Services	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Priority 1	55,913.43	(1,748)	54,165.18	(310)	53,855.18	0.00	53,855.18	0.00	53,855.18	0.00	53,855.18
Priority 2	91,173.29	679.82	91,853.11	10.29	91,863.41	65.05	91,928.46	188.71	92,117.17	319.10	92,436.28
Priority 3	29,073.90	(1,660)	27,413.90	(150)	27,263.90	0.00	27,263.90	0.00	27,263.90	0.00	27,263.90
Priority 4	5,372.53	(50)	5,322.53	0.00	5,322.53	0.00	5,322.53	0.00	5,322.53	0.00	5,322.53
Priority 5	19,959.01	(50)	19,909.01	(120)	19,789.01	0.19	19,789.20	(0)	19,788.96	0.00	19,788.96
Priority X	38,759.28	(226)	38,533.78	(3,725)	34,808.78	(1,500)	33,308.78	(20)	33,288.78	0.00	33,288.78
Non Service Revenue	15,510.83	1,360.14	16,870.97	11,360.25	28,231.22	4,666.28	32,897.50	6,175.24	39,072.74	6,584.18	45,656.92
Total Budget Requirement	255,762.27	(1,694)	254,068.48	7,065.54	261,134.03	3,231.52	264,365.55	6,343.72	270,709.26	6,903.28	277,612.54
Unidentified Savings	0.00		0.00		9,941.05		11,163.08		12,698.74		13,073.41
Balanced Budget Position	255,762.27		254,068.48		251,192.98		253,202.46		258,010.52		264,539.14
Funding											
New Homes Bonus	5,711.50	(3,012)	2,699.78	0.00	2,699.78	0.00	2,699.78	0.00	2,699.78	0.00	2,699.78
Adult Social Care Grant	1,195.00	(1,195)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Revenue Support Grant	38,590.00	(38,590)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Council Tax	93,773.00	8,143.77	101,916.77	4,627.88	106,544.65	2,695.04	109,239.69	4,354.84	113,594.53	4,528.61	118,123.14
Retained Business Rates	22,084.00	86,423.98	108,507.98	(3,526)	104,981.51	1,921.29	106,902.79	438.77	107,341.56	2,000.00	109,341.56
Top up Business Rates	54,232.00	(54,232)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Main Funding	215,585.50	(2,461)	213,124.54	1,101.40	214,225.94	4,616.32	218,842.26	4,793.61	223,635.87	6,528.61	230,164.49
Public Health	20,742.00	(539)	20,202.71	(525)	19,677.44	0.00	19,677.44	0.00	19,677.44	0.00	19,677.44
Other core grants	10,652.76	2,587.66	13,240.43	4,049.17	17,289.60	(2,607)	14,682.76	14.45	14,697.21	0.00	14,697.21
Contribution from /to Reserves	8,782.00	(1,282)	7,500.00	(7,500)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
TOTAL FUNDING	255,762.26	(1,695)	254,067.67	(2,875)	251,192.98	2,009.49	253,202.46	4,808.06	258,010.52	6,528.61	264,539.14

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# Corporate Priority 1

# Enable every child to have the best start in life, with high quality Education

Ref	Proposal	2017-18 £000's	2018-19 £000's	2019-20 £000's	2020-21 £000's	2021-22 £000's	Total £000's	Current Budget	Current Staff	Delivery Risk RAG
1.1	Service Redesign and Workforce	300	150	-	-	-	450	10,601	545	Amber
1.2	Early Help & Targeted Response	62	100				162	12,583	47	Amber
1.3	Family Group Conferencing	200	100	-	-	-	300	30	n/a	Green
1.4	Family Based Placements	100	175	-	-	-	275	12,583	147	Amber
1.5	Care Leavers - Semi Independent Living	25	75	-	-	-	100	1,699	147	Amber
1.6	Adoption and Special Guardianship Order payments	150	148	310	-	-	608	2,739	147	Amber
1.7	New Models of Care		1,000				1,000	pooled budgets	pooled workforce	Red
	Total	2,762	1,748	310	-	-	4,820			
Corporat	e Priority 3	A clean	and saf	e borou	gh whe	re peopl	e are pr	oud to live		
•	Charge Green waste - income generation	375	375				750	N/A	N/A	Amber
3.2	Charging for Bulky Household Waste	300	100				400	N/A	N/A	Green
	Charging for Replacement Wheelie Bins	100	50				150	N/A	N/A	Green
	Charging for recycling bins and increasing residual bins for RSLs, Managing Agents, Developers etc	50	50				100	N/A	N/A	Green
3.5	Flats Above Shops -Provision of bags - Service reduction	120					120	N/A	N/A	Green
3.5	- Service reduction	50	65				115	N/A	N/A	Green
3.6	Closure of Park View Road R&R - Service reduction	115	115				230	N/A	N/A	Green
3.7	Veolia Operational Efficiencies	200					200	N/A	N/A	Green
3.7	Rationalisation of Parking Visitor Permits	125	225				350	N/A	N/A	Green
3.8	Relocation of Parking/CCTV processes and appeals		380				380	N/A	13	Amber
3.9	Sustainable Transport in CO2 Parking Permit Charge	100	300				400	N/A	N/A	Green
	Total	1,535	1,660	-	-	-	3,195			

# Corporate Priority 1

Enable every child to have the best start in life, with high quality Education

Ref	Proposal	2017-18 £000's	2018-19 £000's	2019-20 £000's	2020-21 £000's	2021-22 £000's	Total £000's	Current Budget	Current Staff	Delivery Risk RAG
Corporate F		Enabling	)							
6.1	Shared Service Centre - new delivery model for shared services		250	1,500	1,500		3,250	9,025	336	Green
6.2	Alexandra House - Decant		250	750			1,000	n/a	n/a	Green
6.3	Closure of internal Print Room		51				51	1,364	22	Green
	Total		551	2,250	1,500	-	4,301			
	Overall Total (Pre-Agreed) Savings		3,959	2,560	1,500	-	12,316			

# Children's Services - Service Redesign and Workforce

Priority	1
Current Service Area	Children's Services
Responsible Officer:	Director of Children's Services
Reference:	Children's Services - Service Redesign and Workforce
Type of saving:	Efficiency saving/service redesign
Version:	1.0

carers in need of using the service.	more timely service for this cohort
In relation to the Independent Reviewing Service this will limpact on the looked after children cohorts	A greater level of independence from the service should ensure better outcomes for looked after children
In relation to the front door assessment proposal, this should impact on families accessing social care services	Ensuring that only those families in need of social care services are in receipt of them, rather than engaging with families that do not meet the threshold for intervention.
·	

In relation to the contact service this will impact on parents and More responsive contact which will contribute to s

Outcomes

Impact on Residents

#### Proposal:

A number of pieces of work are included within this proposal which together contribute to savings across the workforce. This includes:

**PROPOSAL** 

#### Contact Service

Reconfiguration of the service based around typical contact need (sessional evening & weekend) in order to reduce the cost of contact per hour, alongside the introduction of a rota system which enables a reduction of

#### **Independent Reviewing Officers**

This function is currently provided in-house and could be externally commissioned to yield savings. This would also enable a much greater level of independent challenge, supporting the delivery of better outcomes for our looked after children. This proposal will also enable a greater level of accountability across this function which would be set out within the procurement and contract process.

#### Reduction in Agency Spend

Actively reduce the levels of agency by converting posts to permanent staff alongside developing a strong retention strategy to ensure this is a sustainable proposal.

#### Service Redesign

It is proposed that we redesign our services, as a consequence of managing demand into social care, which will enable the service to appropriately reduce the workforce to better meet need.

This proposal will be delivered by ensuring that only those that require social care services are assessed, based upon the Thresholds of Need partnership document.

Those that are provided with support will receive it in a more timely and effective way, through the implementation of new practice tools which strengthen our work with families. This will also enable cases to be progessed through

		SUMMARY			
Base Data		Financial Data £000		Workforce Data	
Current budget		10,601	Employees	545	rage
Savings/Invest		£000	Change in employees		
	Year 1	300	Year 1	10	
	Year 2	150	Year 2	30	
	Year 3	0	Year 3		
	Year 4	0	Year 4		
	Year 5	0	Year 5		
	Total	450	Total	40	

#### Rationale

#### **Contact Service**

At present the service delivers contact across the year at £81 per hour. However contact is typically required after school, during the evenings or at weekends and there is an opportunity to reduce the hourly unit cost by reconfiguring the service so that workforce availability is matched to service need

#### **Independent Reviewing Officers**

This is a statutory requirement and a number of other local authorities have externally commissioned the service to release workforce savings. Some initial analysis has indicated that a new delivery model could provide a £100k saving.

#### Reduction in Agency Spend

Although there have been some success in efforts to reduce the number of agency by recruiting permanent staff over 16/17, there is a need to continue this work in order to build a robust and sustainable workforce whilst releasing savings across 17/18.

#### Service Redesign

By more effectively managing demand, a reduction in the workforce could be delivered which would better meet need. This would mean that by ensuring that only those that require social care services are assessed, practitioners can more effectively focus upon families who need a service. Those that are provided with support will receive it in a more timely way, through the implementation of new practice tools which strengthen and support our work with families. This will also enable cases to be progessed through the system more efficiently.

#### Key benefits - financial and non-financial

# Contact Service

Financial: £80k

Non-Financial: More flexible pool of resources for this function based upon need.

#### **Independent Reviewing Officers**

Financial: 100k

Non-Financial: Increased levels of independence and scrutiny as well a more flexible pool of resources

#### Reduction in Agency Spend

Financial: £120k

Non-Financial:More sustainable and robust workforce

#### Front Door Assessments

Financial: £150k

Non-Financial: Increase the timeliness of assessments and permanency planning

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints

- Commissioning and Procurement dependencies related to the IRO service
- Implementation of the Recruitment and Retention Strategy
- · Market dependencies: Availability of permanent staff

Procuremen	t st	rategy
------------	------	--------

Yes - this saving includes a reduction of staff

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	300	150	0	0	0
Reduced benefits due to lead-on time (if applicable)					
Additional Cost Estimated	0	0			
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	300	150			0
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	300	450	450	450	450

Payback Period: Not applicable

# **Early Help & Targeted Response**

Priority	1
Current Service Area	Early Help & Targeted Response
Responsible Officer:	AD Early Help & Prevention/Head of Targeted Response
	and Youth Justice
Reference:	Early Help
Type of saving:	New delivery model
Version:	1.0

PROPOSAL	
1.0	

Through the implementation and delivery of the Targeted Response offer as part of the Early Help model it is anticipated that escalation in the number of Looked After Children would be prevented and the associated saving delivered. This will be as a consequence of enabling supporting families to remain together where possible.

This work would also contribute to the prevention of further escalation of the number of looked after children, by providing the right support at an earlier point.

This will include:

Proposal:

- Direct work with children and parents,
- Improving school / home relationships and behaviour management approaches,
- Supporting positive parental attitudes & behaviours as well as a range of other services which support assessment and decision making.

#### Rationale:

We believe that children are best supported in strong and resilient families and want to promote this by offering a range of early help and targeted support services to enable families to do this where possible. This will decrease the demand for social care intervention, specifically for looked after children, whilst providing better outcomes for children and their families.

#### Benefits:

Financial: £162k

Non-Financial: A reduction in children needing to become looked after.

#### Procurement strategy:

n/a

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Fewer Children and Young People in Care	Improve lives of children and young people

Base Data		Financial Data £000		Workforce Data
Current budget Savings/Invest		12,583 £000	Employees Change in empl	47
ouvings/invest	Year 1	62		n/a
	Year 2	100	Year 2	n/a
	Year 3	0	Year 3	
	Year 4	0	Year 4	
	Year 5	0	Year 5	
	Total	162	Total	0

Internal dependencies and external constraints:

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	62	100			
Reduced benefits due to lead-on time (if					
applicable)					
Additional Cost Estimated					
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	62	100			
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	62	162	162	162	162
Pa	avback Period	: Not applicat	ole	•	•

# **Family Group Conferencing**

Priority	1
Current Service Area	Looked After Children
Responsible Officer:	AD Safeguarding & Social Care/Head of Quality
	Assurance
Reference:	Family Group Conferencing
Type of saving:	New delivery model
Version:	1.0

FIIOHILY	I
Current Service Area	Looked After Children
Responsible Officer:	AD Safeguarding & Social Care/Head of Quality
	Assurance
Reference:	Family Group Conferencing
Type of saving:	New delivery model
Version:	1.0

**PROPOSAL** 

# Proposal:

This proposal relates to increasing the use of Family Group Conferences (FGC), to support those children who have just become looked after by the council or are on the edge of care, so that they can safely be returned home or remain with their families.

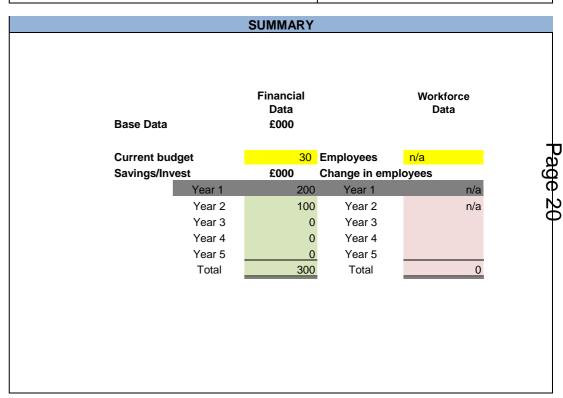
This will enable better outcomes for families and also reduce the cost of placements.

#### Rationale:

Haringey Council continues to experience high demand for statutory services, including a persistently high number of children and young people becoming Looked After. Whilst decision-making and application of thresholds have both been strengthened over the past 18 months, any further net reductions in Looked After Children (LAC) will require different forms of intervention with families before a child is accommodated.

Family Group Conferencing is an internationally recognised evidence-based intervention, which originated in New Zealand, and has shown good results in diverting of children from coming from care and reduction in dependency on specialist services, by increasing family capacity to make decisions and increased resilience.

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Fewer Children and Young People in Care	Improve lives of children and young people



#### Key benefits:

Phase 1 of this project delivers on the cross-cutting theme of Value for Money, by replacing the commissioned service with a new, tested provider.

Phase 2 is expected to have an immediate, measurable impact on reducing the length of time a proportion of children and young people remain in care who are currently represented in the social care Looked After Children numbers.

Phase 3: is expected to have medium term (2017/18), measurable impact on reducing the length of time a proportion of children and young people remain in care who are currently represented in the social care Looked After Children numbers. It will achieve this through three measurable benefits

- Decrease the number of children coming into care, with a focus on 15-17 age group
- Increase the number of children/young people returned home
- Reduce the number of short term placements (1week 6months)

Phase 4 is expected to extend the outcomes from Phase 3 with further positive impacts on the number and duration of cases within other parts of the Children's Social Care system, such as subject to Child in Need or Child Protection plans, and Care Leavers. It achieves this through delivering on two key cross-cutting themes from the Corporate Plan:

- Prevention and early intervention supporting families to solve their problems before they become too entrenched and to reduce their need for statutory services.
- Working together with our communities the Family Group conferences model supports wider Council efforts to build family and community resilience by giving a child's wider network a central role in co-producing positive outcomes for the child.
- Providing better outcomes for young people within the criminal justice system

#### Procurement strategy:

By May 2017 award a block contract for a Family Group Conferences supplier.

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints:

Dependent on having an appropriate Looked After Children cohort who would benefit from Family Group Conferences

Cost Benefit Analysis	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
(CBA)	£k	£k	£k	£k	£k
Benefits Estimated	330	160	0	0	0
Reduced benefits due to					
Additional Cost Estimated	130	60	0	0	0
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	200	100	0	0	0
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	200	300	300	300	300

Payback Period: 1 years

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# **Family Based Placements**

Priority	1
Current Service Area	Looked After Children
Responsible Officer:	AD Safeguarding & Social Care/Head of Children in Care
Reference:	Family Based Placements
Type of saving:	Efficiency savings
Version:	1.0

PROPOSA

#### Proposal:

By increasing the range and type of in-house foster carers, alongside strengthening our Independent Fostering Agency arrangements, young people will be enabled to remain more locally, in appropriate family based placements which better meet their needs and achieve improved outcomes.

An initial review had indicated that there are a small number of children currently in residential placements where we could deliver care closer to home, which would also be better value for money.

This will mean that children and young people are provided with placements that better meet their needs as part of our ambition to deliver high quality care for our Looked After Children.

**Rationale:** Analysis has indicated that by offering more family based placements, savings could be achieved, with a focus on those children who would most benefit from being appropriately stepped down into in-house foster care or Independent Fostering Agency.

#### Benefits: Financial: £275k

Outcome: Will better meet the needs of Looked After Children more locally

#### Procurement strategy:

A commissioning exercise would need to be undertaken with an Independent Fostering Agency.

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Looked After Children cohort positively impacted via more	Better permanency outcomes for Looked
appropriate care offer	After Children

		SUMMARY		
		Financial		
		Data		Workforce Data
Base Data		£000		
Current hudget		10 500	Empleyees	147
Current budget			Employees	
Savings/Invest		£000	Change in employe	
	Year 1	100	Year 1	n/a
	Year 2	175	Year 2	n/a
	Year 3	0	Year 3	
	Year 4	0	Year 4	
	Year 5	0	Year 5	
	Total	275	Total	0

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints:

This saving is dependent on the availability of appropriate foster carers and Independent Fostering Agency. arrangements

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	100	175	0	0	0
Reduced benefits due to lead-on time (if applicable)					
Additional Cost Estimated					
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	100	175	0	0	0
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	100	275	275	275	275
	Payback P	eriod: not app	licable	•	•

# **Care Leavers: Semi-Independent Living**

Priority	1
Current Service Area	Care Leavers
Responsible Officer:	AD Safeguarding & Social Care/Head of Children in
	Care
Reference:	Care Leavers: Semi-Independent Living
Type of saving:	Efficiency savings
Version:	1.0

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Reducing dependence; building financial	Improved independence for care leavers;
independence; careleavers living as other young	better tenancy sustainment; higher
people in the community but with support.	employment rates for vulnerable young
	people.

# Proposal:

Review the current Semi Independent Living cohort and where appropriate, consider easing the transition to financial independence more efficiently, where care leavers have successfully been supported to live independently. This provision of support would remain in line with statistical neighbours and aligned with the Supporting Housing proposal.

**PROPOSAL** 

#### Rationale:

The Leaving Care Service has a function to support the transition of living independently for care leavers. Analysis has suggested that an indepth review would identify cases where payments could be ceased and clarify for future.

		SUMMARY Financial Data		Workforce Data
Base Data		£000		
Current bu	dget	1,699	Employees	147
Savings/In	vest	£000	Change in e	mployees
(up to)	Year 1	25	Year 1	n/a
	Year 2	75	Year 2	n/a
	Year 3	0	Year 3	
	Year 4	0	Year 4	
	Year 5	0	Year 5	
	Total	100	Total	0

#### Benefits:

Financial: £100k

Procurement strategy:

N/A

Internal dependencies and external constraints: None

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k		
Benefits Estimated	25	75					
Reduced benefits due to							
Additional Cost Estimated							
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	25	75	0	0	0		
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	25	100	100	100	100		
Payback Period: Not applicable							

# Page

# **Adoption and Special Guardianship Order Payments**

Priority	1	
Current Service Area	Permanency	
Responsible Officer:	AD Safeguarding & Social Care/Head of Children in Care	
Reference:	Adoption and Special Guardianship Order Payments	
Type of saving:	Efficiency savings	
Version:	1.0	

1
Permanency
AD Safeguarding & Social Care/Head of Children in Care
Adoption and Special Guardianship Order Payments
Efficiency savings
1.0

#### **PROPOSAL**

### Proposal:

The proposal is based upon a review of support provision across adoption and Special Guardianship Orders, with a view to bringing the council in line with comparator boroughs and achieve savings through changes in the policy in three areas:

#### Payments for Adoptive Parents (£298k)

To refresh the payment policy for adoptive parents in order to reduce the spend in this area by limiting the length of time financial support is provided.

#### Special Guardianship Order Payments (£250k)

To refresh the payment policy for Special Guardianship Order payments in order to reduce spend in this area by making this by exception rather than a standard practice

#### Adoption Transport Allowances (£60k)

To review and refresh the adoption transport allowance in order to reduce spend in this area.

#### Rationale:

#### **Payments for Adoptive Parents**

Whilst it is common practice for support to be offered to adoptive parents this should be provided as an outcome of decisions following the financial capacity assessment. It is thought that by refreshing the policy and implementing it from April 2017, it is possible to reduce payments by having a clear process to follow which includes provision of assessed and time limited financial support.

#### Special Guardianship Order Payments

To refresh the payment policy for Special Guardianship Order payments in order to reduce spend in this area by making bringing payments in line with other local authorities. Initial analysis indicates that savings could be yielded by implementing these changes going forward but it would be highly challenging to do this retrospectively.

#### Adoption Transport Allowances

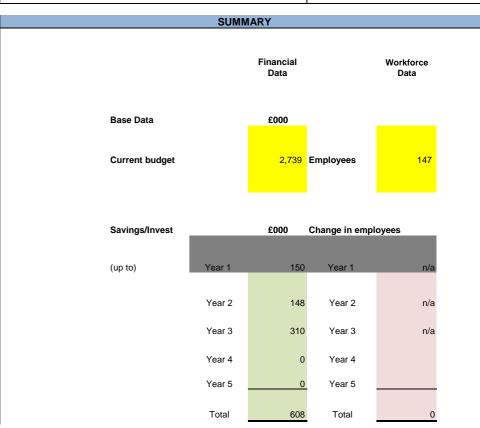
There is a need to review the transport payment offer for adoption as there are currently significant transport payments being made. Early analysis indicates that there could be a monthly saving once this expenditure is bought into line.

#### Benefits:

Financial: £608k

#### Procurement strategy:

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Financial implications for Adopters and guardians	Increased equitability of support



#### Internal dependencies and external constraints:

This saving is based upon implementation of policy changes

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	150	148	310	0	0
Reduced benefits due to lead-on time (if applicable)					
Additional Cost Estimated					
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	150	148	310	0	0
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	150	298	608	608	608
Pa	vback Period:	Not applicable	e	•	•

# **New Models of Care**

Priority	1
Current Service Area	Children's Social Care and Health
Responsbile Officer:	Director of Children's Services/AD Commissioning/Director of Public Health
Reference:	New Models of Care
Type of saving:	New Delivery Model
Version:	1.0

ron	neal:	

There are potentially further savings achievable across Priority 1 through partnerships and joint working including: integration with Haringey CCG, development of an Accountable Care Partnership with Islington Council and both Haringey and Islington CCGs, transformation across North Central London cluster, and shared services with other authorities.

**PROPOSAL** 

These savings have not yet been quantified but we anticipate joint working will add at least £1m by18/19 to the achievement of savings targets for P1.

#### Rationale:

In the context of the MTFS, it is important that services explore opportunities to work together to improve service offer through integration and Value for Money.

#### Benefits:

Financial: £1m

# Procurement strategy:

N/A

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
More efficient pathways for accessing care	More efficient pathways for accessing care

	SU	JMMARY		
Base Data		Financial Data £000		Workforce Data
Current b	udget	pooled budgets	Employees	pooled workforce
Savings/In	vest	£000	Change in e	mployees
Savings/In (up to)	vest Year 1	<b>£000</b>	Change in e Year 1	mployees
			Year 1	mployees tbc
	Year 1	0	Year 1	
	Year 1 Year 2	1,000	Year 1 Year 2	
	Year 1 Year 2 Year 3	0 1,000 0	Year 1 Year 2 Year 3	

Internal dependencies and external constraints:

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k	
Benefits Estimated (Savings)		1000				
Reduced benefits due to lead- on time (if applicable)						
Additional Cost Estimated						
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	0	1000				
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	0	1000	1000	1000	1000	
Payback Period: n/a						

# **Green Waste Charging**

Priority	3	
Current Service Area	Commercial & Ops - Neighbourhood Action	
Reference:	Green Waste Charging	
Type of saving:	Increase in income	
Responsible Officer:	Waste Strategy Manager	
Version:	1.0	

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Free garden waste collection service stops	Resident satisfaction rates decrease
	Potential increase in fly tipping
	Reduction in recycling rate - 2%
	Potential greater contamination of Dry
	Recycling
	Increased side waste

SUMMARY Financial

N/A Employees

Year 1

Year 2

Year 3

Year 4

Change in employees

Data

£000

£000

375

375

Workforce

Data

N/A

n/a

## Proposal:

Charging for Garden Waste: Stopping the current free weekly universal green waste collection service and reverting to a weekly opt in charged green waste collection service. The charge would be set at £75 per annum.

**PROPOSAL** 

#### Rationale:

Green garden waste is household waste for which a charge can be made for the collection. The service will be paid for by those who opt in only rather than a contract cost which is funded universally by all residents.

#### Key benefits:

An estimate of £150K has been deducted and includes, call centre, IT development, container costs administration and any additional treatment/disposal costs.

By charging for green waste and proposing that we provide composting bins 'at costs' we will be encouraging residents to deal with their waste sustainably at source.

Year 5		Year 5
Total	750	Total

Year 1

Year 2

Year 3

Year 4

Internal dependencies and external constraints:

Chargeable service will be fully administered by Veolia.

Develop IT booking provision.

Will need to complete a communications plan.

**Base Data** 

**Current budget** 

Savings/Invest

Procurement strategy - N/A

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k		
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	375	375					
Reduced benefits due to lead-on time (if applicable)							
Additional Cost Estimated							
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	375	375	0	0	0		
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	375	750	750	750	750		
Payback Period: n/a							

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# **Charge for Bulky Household Waste**

Priority	3	
Current Service Area	Commercial & Ops - Neighbourhood Action	
Reference:	Charge for Bulky Household Waste	
Responsible Officer:	Waste Strategy Manager	
Type of saving:	Increase in income	
Version:	1.0	

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Stopping a free bulk waste collection service to a	Fly tipping may increase
	Increased use of R & R
	Resident Satisfaction may be reduced
	Could increase side waste

#### Proposal:

To move from a free bulk collection service for recyclables to a standard bulky waste collection service where a charge of £25 would be levied for the collection of up to 4 items plus £10 for each additional item.

**PROPOSAL** 

#### Rationale:

- 24 London boroughs charge for all bulky collections.
- 10 offer some form of concession.
- In North London only Hackney and Waltham Forest also have some element of free bulky collections
- Evidence from Newham saw a 75% reduction demand with no discernible increase in fly-tipping when they introduced a charge.
- Modelled a 60% drop in demand for bulky collections from 30,850 p/a to 11500 p/a. Impact on recycling rate will be low as material will still go to the bulk waste recycle facility at Edmonton.

#### **SUMMARY Financial** Workforce Data Data **Base Data** £000 **Current budget** N/A Employees N/A Savings/Invest Change in employees Year 1 Year 1 Year 2 100 Year 2 Year 3 Year 3 Page Year 4 Year 4 Year 5 Year 5 Total 400 Total

#### **Key benefits**

Total savings and Income generated has been estimated at £400K pa based on the demand levels noted above and an average price of £35 per collection.

#### **Procurement strategy**

N/A

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints

- Likely to lead to increase in tonnage through Reuse & Recycling centres.
- Veolia will need to develop with the Council an IT online booking system.
- A Communications plan will need to be developed.

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k	
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	300	100				
Reduced benefits due to lead- on time (if applicable)						
Additional Cost Estimated						
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	300	100	0	0	0	
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	300	400	400	400	400	
Payback Period: n/a						

# Charging for replacement wheelie bins

Priority	3
Current Service Area	Commercial & Ops - Neighbourhood Action
Reference:	Charging for replacement wheelie bins
Responsible Officer:	Waste Strategy Manager
Type of saving:	Increase in income
Version:	1.0

**PROPOSAL** 

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Free service becoming chargeable for new or replacement residual and recycling bins	May discourage recycling
	Increase in stolen bins
	Impact on resident satisfaction

# Proposal:

Charging for new and replacement containers to residents for both recycling and residual bins.

#### Rationale:

Based on the assumption that once the charge is introduced demand for containers will reduce by 50%, resulting in the number of requests for containers reducing from 8,000 to 4,000. The savings are made up of two components, the reduction in the current contractual sum (£100K) together with a profit of £11.00 per bin equating to an annual sum of £50K. It is assumed that both recycling and residual bins will be charged for.

Creates a value to the bins – engender greater responsibility for looking after bins and responsible waste management. Some other local authorities charge for replacement containers – Enfield and Brent for example.

The Outreach team would continue to vet requests to encourage recycling and correct use and allocation of containers.

#### Key benefits:

Total Income generated has been estimated at £100K in the 1st year and £50k in the following year based on the demand levels noted above.

#### Procurement strategy

N/A

	S	UMMARY		
		Financial Data		Workforce Data
Base Data		£000		
Current budget		N/A	Employees	N/A
Savings/Invest		£000	Change in emp	loyees
	Year 1	100	Year 1	n/a
	Year 2	50	Year 2	n/a
	Year 3		Year 3	
	Year 4		Year 4	
	Year 5		Year 5	
	Total	150	Total	0

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints:

Continued outreach team to determine residents needs.

Risk that if this policy is announced in advance it could lead to a demand on containers whilst still free.

New IT / online payment system to be developed with Veolia.

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k	
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	100	50				
Reduced benefits due to lead- on time (if applicable)						
Additional Cost Estimated						
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	100	50	0	0	0	
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	100	150	150	150	150	
Payback Period: n/a						

# Charging for recycling bins and increasing residual bins for RSLs, Managing Agents, Developers etc...

Priority	3
Current Service Area	Commercial & Ops - Neighbourhood Action
Reference:	Charging for recycling bins and increasing residual bins for RSLs, Managing Agents, Developers etc
Responsible Officer:	Waste Strategy Manager
Type of saving:	Increase in income
Version:	1.0

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
	May discourage recycling
Free service to Managing agents/developers becoming	Charging for recycling bin hire would make
chargeable for supply/replacement of Communal	flats policy consistent with schools bin
Recycling bins - possibility of costs being passed to	charges
residents	Ğ
	Could increase levels of stolen bins
	Could increase side waste

# Proposal:

Extend charging of managing agents/developers for hire/replacement of communal recycling bins and review communal residual bin hire charge

**PROPOSAL** 

#### Rationale:

Currently managing agents of blocks of flats are charged £145/year(£2.80/week) for Communal Residual Waste bin hire but Communcal Recycling bins are made availabel free of charge, at the council's expense for supply, repair/maintenance and replacement.

Set Recycling Hire @ £145/year (£2.80/week);

Additional Income =£100K

Increase Residual hire charge by 20% to £3.40 per week = £20K additional income

#### Key benefits:

Total Income generated has been estimated at £50K pa.

### Procurement strategy:

N/A

	SUMMARY		
	Financial Data		
Base Data	£000		
Current budget	N/A	Employees	N/A
Savings/Invest	£000	Change in em	ployees
Year 1	50	Year 1	n/a
Year 2	50	Year 2	n/a
Year 3		Year 3	
Year 4		Year 4	
Year 5		Year 5	
Total	100	Total	0

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints:

Income not guaranteed

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	50	50			
Reduced benefits due to lead- on time (if applicable)					
Additional Cost Estimated					
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	50	50	0	0	0
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	50	100	100	100	100
	Pavl	oack Period:	n/a	•	

# **Reduce Education & Outreach Team**

Priority	3
Current Service Area	Commercial & Ops - Neighbourhood Action
Reference:	Reduce Education & Outreach Team
Responsible Officer:	Waste Strategy Manager
Type of saving:	Stopping /Reducing service
Version:	1.0

**PROPOSAL** 

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Potentially less engagement/ communications with	Reduced recycling
residents on waste minimisation, recycling and waste	
collection issues	
	Increased fly tipping
	Residents satisfaction levels reduced

# Proposal:

Restructure entire Veolia Communications, Education & Outreach function and reduce Education/Outreach team by 50%.

#### Rationale:

Following changes in the Veolia contract with service level reductions and changes in legislation relating to recycling (i.e.TEEP) the need for Veolia to have all the tools to deliver performance targets has reduced. Therefore it is proposed to reduce the educational and outreach team and review how the remaining resources can be used more effectively by working more closely with Council's communication team.

#### Key benefits:

The proposed changes would deliver a savings of £115K pa.

	SUMMARY			
Base Data	Financial £000		Workforce	
Current budget Savings/Invest	N/A £000	Employees Change in emp	N/A Noyees	
Year 1	50	Year 1	n/a	
Year 2	65	Year 2	n/a	
Year 3		Year 3		
Year 4		Year 4		τ
Year 5		Year 5		- ag
Total	115	Total	0	Je

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints:

Review and negotiation of contractual performance targets/ payment mechanism with Veolia. There will be a greater need for the outreach team to support the other income/service change proposals as set out in this document. Therefore savings split over two years.

# Procurement strategy:

# Personnel Implications:

Up to 4 Veolia staff members could be made redundant. The Council will be liable for redundancy payments.

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k	
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	50	65				
Reduced benefits due to lead-on time (if applicable)						
Additional Cost Estimated						
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	50	65	0	0	0	
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	50	115	115	115	115	
Payback Period: n/a						

# Close Park View Road R&R

Priority	3
Current Service Area	Commercial & Ops
Reference:	Close Park View Road R&R
Responsible Officer:	Waste Strategy Manager
Type of saving:	Stopping /Reducing service
Version:	1.0

**PROPOSAL** 

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Reduction of an R&R site	Reduction in resident satisfaction
	Potential increase in fly tipping

#### Proposal:

To close the Park View Road Reuse and Recycling Centre

#### Rationale:

Historically Haringey has had only one Reuse and Recycling Centre, which has been a small site on Park View Road (PVR), Tottenham. The borough now has a larger second site in the centre of the borough, which can cater for the waste which is currently deposited at PVR. The impact of the closure of PVR is assumed to be minimal as those who wish to responsibly dispose of their waste in a car will travel to an alternative site within the NLWA network, including the Western Road site. As part of its DCO application NLWA intend to add to the current network by building a new R&R site at Edmonton in 2020/21. The PVR site is earmarked for redevelopment as part of the wider regeneration proposals for residential housing/ new school on Ashley Road Depot. Relocating the site locally (Sedge Road) has been considered, however the cost of this site has been estimated at a £1m plus and would not deliver the £230K revenue savings. Also the site could be made redundant with the building of the new R&R site at Edmonton.

		SUMMARY		
Base Data		Financial Data £000		Workforce Data
Current budge	t	N/A	Employees	N/A
Savings/Invest		£000	Change in empl	oyees
	Year 1	115	Year 1	n/a
	Year 2	115	Year 2	n/a
	Year 3		Year 3	
	Year 4		Year 4	
	Year 5		Year 5	
	Total	230	Total	0

#### Key benefits:

Revenue savings of £230K paid to NLWA through the levy payment.

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints:

Value of the regeneration site at Ashley Road has been calculated on the site being vacant, including the PVR R&R. The capital receipt for this site is helping to fund the proposed new depot site/ development at Marsh Lane.

#### Procurement strategy:

Personnel Implications: London Waste Limited will need to relocate or make redundant up to 5 staff

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k	
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	115	115				
Reduced benefits due to lead-on time (if applicable)						
Additional Cost Estimated						
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	115	115	0	0	0	
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	115	230	230	230	230	
Payback Period: n/a						

# Rationalisation of Visitors Permits and increase in hourly permit charge.

Priority	3	
Current Service Area	Traffic Management	
Reference:	Rationalisation of Visitors Permits and increase in hourly permit charge.	
Responsible Officer:	Head of Traffic Management	
Type of saving:	Increase in income	
Version:	1.0	

**PROPOSAL** 

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Residents will have to pay more for VP	Less VPs issued
Residents aged between 60and 75 will no longer be entitled to a concession	More journeys undertaken by walking, cycling or public transport

#### Proposal:

This involves a review of the Visitor Parking (VP) Permit scheme, rationalising provision of permits and bringing charges in line with other boroughs, see below.

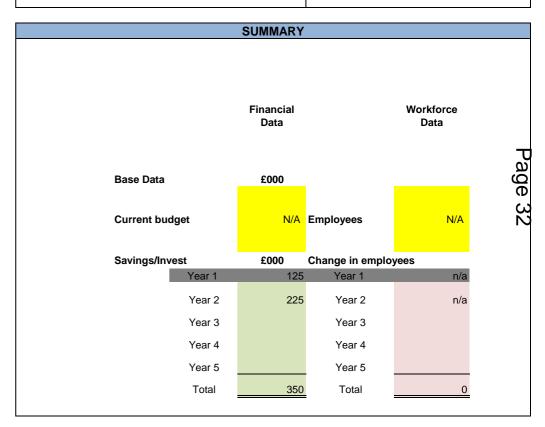
Proposals also involve reducing the concessionary entitlement, which currently offers a 50% reduction in charge to residents aged 60 years or over, and those registered disabled (this group is also allowed double the normal allocation of permits). In future it is proposed that this concession will be limited to those aged 75 years or over. No change is proposed to those residents registered as disabled.

The proposals include a reduction in the range of different types of VP permits offered, reducing unnecessary overheads. This will involve removing the two hourly, weekend and two weekly Permits.

It is proposed to increase the VP from 35p to 80p per hour.

#### Rationale:

For a borough with Inner London parking pressures the cost of an hourly visitor permit is low, which in turn does not help to manage demand for parking space and encourage residents and visitors to walk, cycle or use public transport. Rationalisation of the number of permits will help the administration of the scheme and reduce overheads.



#### Key benefits:

This would involve removing the current limit on the number of hourly permits that may be purchased, but increasing charges from 35p per hour to either;

- -60p per hour, which would generate in the region of an additional £250k annually or -80p per hour, which would generate in the region of an additional £300k annually
- Both estimates take account of a possible reduction in the numbers purchased

The concession change would result in a saving of £50K.

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints:

Will require IT development and working closely with Customer Services

(CBA)	£k	£k	£k	£k	£k
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	125	225			
Reduced benefits due to lead-on time (if applicable)					
Additional Cost Estimated					
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	125	225	0	0	0
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	125	350	350	350	350
	Pay	back Period	: n/a	•	•

2018-19

2019-20

2020-21

2021-22

2017-18

**Cost Benefit Analysis** 

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#### Relocating Parking/CCTV Back office Processing & Appeals

Priority	3
Current Service Area	Traffic management
Reference:	Relocating Parking/CCTV Back office Processing & Appeals
Responsible Officer:	Head of Traffic Management
Type of saving:	New delivery model
Version:	1.0

**PROPOSAL** 

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
None	None

#### Proposal:

To relocate 1st stage parking appeals and CCTV enforcement processing outside London. A number of operating models will be considered. Final 2nd stage appeals will be retained by the Council.

#### Rationale:

Services delivered outside of London attract reduced cost due to a number of factors which includes accommodation costs and staffing costs as well as benefits in being able to recruit more readily. The London Borough of Islington successfully operate an in house service provision in Manchester. We are also aware that the London Boroughs of Barnet, Enfield and Waltham Forest operate 1st stage appeals outside of London through a third party provider.

#### **SUMMARY** Financial Workforce Data Data Base Data £000 **Current budget** N/A Employees Savings/Invest £000 Change in employees Year 1 Year 1 Year 2 380 Year 2 13 Year 3 Year 3 Page 34 Year 4 Year 4 Year 5 Year 5 380 13 Total Total

#### Key benefits:

A reduction in operating costs of £380K

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints:

- IT systems will have to be developed and aligned between offices.
- Finding suitable accommodation to relocate staff.
- The potential recruitment of new staff.

#### Procurement strategy

A full procurement of the service would need to be undertaken, taking between 12 to 18 months

**Personnel Implications:** If agreed up to 13 staff would be relocated or transferred (TUPEd) to a new provider. Staff not willing to relocate will face compulsory redundancy.

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k
Benefits Estimated (Savings)		380			
Reduced benefits due to lead- on time (if applicable)					
Additional Cost Estimated					
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	0	380	0	0	0
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	0	380	380	380	380
	Pavha	ck Period: N	<b>1/</b> Δ		

#### **Permits CO2 charging regime**

Priority	3
Current Service Area	Sustainable Transport
Reference:	Permits CO2 charging regime
Responsible Officer:	Head of Traffic Management
Type of saving:	Increase in income
Version:	1.0

**PROPOSAL** 

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Increased cost for those resident with higher CO2	Residents select vehicles with lower
emissions.	CO2 emissions
	Improved air quality
	Reduced vehicles

**SUMMARY** 

Financial

Data

£000

£000

300

400

N/A Employees

Change in employees

Year 1

Year 2

Year 3

Year 4

Year 5

Total

Workforce

Data

N/A

0

#### Proposal:

To review the existing CO2 charging regime and change the banding linked to the DVLA scheme. Also to remove the additional charge per vehicle per household.

#### Rationale:

The council's transport policies aim to reduce the harmful emissions from transport and improve air quality. As a result the Council introduced a CO2 emissions based permit charging structure in 2008. It is proposed to review the existing charges and introduce the same CO2 banding as used by the DVLA.

It also intended to remove the current incremental increase for additional cars per household as this has proved to be difficult to administrater.

#### Key benefits:

To charge vehicles with higher CO2 emissions. It is expected the charging regime will increase revenue up to £400K.

Internal d	lependencies an	d external c	onstraints:

**Base Data** 

**Current budget** 

Savings/Invest

Year 1

Year 2

Year 3

Year 4

Year 5

Total

New charging for bands will require IT development/costs. Permit charge increase will be subject to statutory consultation.

# Procurement strategy N/A

Cost Benefit Analysis (CBA)	2017-18 £k	2018-19 £k	2019-20 £k	2020-21 £k	2021-22 £k
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	100	300			
Reduced benefits due to lead-on time (if applicable)					
Additional Cost Estimated					
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	100	300	0	0	0
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	100	400	400	400	400
	Payb	ack Period:	n/a	1	

#### **Shared Service Centre**

Priority	X
Current Service Area	Shared Service Centre

Proposal:	
	6.3

impact on residents			Outcomics
No impact on residents			N/A
Current budget	9,025	Employees	336
Savings/Invest	£000	Change in e	mployees
Total	3,250	Total	0
Total	3,250	Total	0

Outcomes

Impact on Residents

# **BENEFITS CASE**

#### Detailed description:

- i. Carry out a high-level options review (November 2016)
  ii. Carry out a detailed options appraisal including cost and benefit analysis (April 2017)
  iii. Members agree new Service Delivery Model (June 2017)
  iv. Complete Transition to New Service Delivery Model (April 2018)

Benchmark and industry standard savings for shared services have been used to establish likely savings.

Cost Benefit Analysis	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
(CBA)	£k	£k	£k	£k	£k
Benefits Estimated (Savings)	0	250	1500	1500	
Reduced benefits due to lead-on time (if applicable)					
Additional Cost Estimated					
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	0	250	1500	1500	0
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	0	250	1750	3250	3250

#### COMMERCIAL CASE

#### Procurement strategy :

Procurement Strategy is dependant on the option chosen. Factors influencing timescale will include:

- The requirement to tender;
- Availability of appropriate existing Shared Service model;
- Need to be poke standardised processes.

#### **FINANCIAL CASE**

#### Key benefits

**Financial** - delivery of proposed MTFS savings. The benefits shown have yet to be verified through a detached business case but are an indication of when the savings would be realised. Confirmation of exact costs, benefits and timescales will be known once a detailed business case is prepared

**Non-financial** - improved service delivery through partnership working with other organisations, including access to better IT systems and sharing of improved processes and procedures

	ı			<u> </u>		ı
Funding	Total	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Position	(project life)	£k	£k	£k	£k	£k
Revenue funding from existing budget	0	TBC				
Revenue funding required – new	0					_
Project Management costs	0					G G
Capital funding from existing budget	0	0	0	0	0	0
Capital funding required – new	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### **MANAGEMENT CASE**

Describe the delivery of the preferred option, including the approach to Project, project and change management, and the governance arrangements:

The preferred option for new delivery model for back-office services has yet to be determined as it is subject to an options review.

The Programme Management Office is currently leading a high-level options review. This will include alternative delivery models, risks, benefits, implementation costs and transition timescales.

#### Internal dependencies and external constraints:

Front-office services - significant potential synergies with front office services; needs of both services need to be considered as part of any future service delivery option

Personnel - significant impact on staff; could be subject to TUPE, and requirement to consult with Trade Unions and Staff

#### **Alexandra House - Decant**

Priority	X	
Current Service Area	All	
Proposal:		
		6.3

Impact on Residents	Outcomes			
No impact on residents			N/A	
Current budget	N/A	Employees	N/A	
Savings/Invest	£000	Change in em	ployees	
Total	1,000	Total	0	

#### BENEFITS CASE

#### **Detailed description:**

The proposal is to vacate 5 floors of Alexandra House in 2017 and the remaining floors in the following twelve months. Realisation of savings will depend on renegotiation of rent as we vacate the building or our ability to sub-let those floors we do vacate. Hence, the cost/benefit model assumes savings appearing in 2018/19 and 2019/20.

Cost Benefit Analysis	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
(CBA)	£k	£k	£k	£k	£k
Benefits Estimated (Savings)		250	750		
Reduced benefits due to lead-					
on time (if applicable)					
Additional Cost Estimated					
Net Impact Cost/(Savings)	0	250	750	0	0
Cumulative Cost/(Savings)	0	250	1000	1000	1000

# **Closure of internal print room**

Priority	X
Current Service Area	Communications

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
No impact on residents	N/A

#### Proposal:

To close the internal print service with a saving of £50.5K in the year 2018/19. The current bulk print service is only 65% utilised.

We will utilise our existing print framework to use suppliers which can continue to deliver a high volume and responsive service.

Base Data		£000		
Savings/Invest		£000	Change in emp	loyees
	Year 1		Year 1	
	Year 2	51	Year 2	1
	Year 3		Year 3	
	Year 4		Year 4	
	Year 5		Year 5	
	Total	51	Total	1

#### Resources required:

N/A

#### What needs to happen and when?

Work with Committee Services to reduce the demand for printed agendas, looking at IT solutions which allow councillors to mark up PDFs using their laptop or tablet. This development is already in the workplan of the new Shared Digital Service.

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# Final Budget Scrutiny Recommendations – January 2017

Cross-Cutting Issues		Recommendation	Member Response
In the context of continuing difficult financial circumstances, and in respect of learning from the experience of the MTFS to date OSC agreed scrutiny should be locked in to the process both of monitoring budget and performance and of evaluating strategy, considering risks and setting out mitigation.		Cabinet should regularly monitor progress on achievement of savings, and report regularly on: budget, including achievement of savings, projections; risk; and mitigation.	Cabinet does regularly monitor progress on achievement of savings, and report regularly on: budget, including achievement of savings, projections; risk; and mitigation.
		Cabinet members and priority leads as appropriate should report in October 2017 to their scrutiny panels on: financial performance, risks and mitigation plans, alongside regular reporting on overall priority performance and quarterly briefings meetings for panel chairs on performance, budget and risk.  Cabinet member for finance should then report to OSC on overall progress against budget, risks and mitigation.	Noted
	en & Young People iny Panel (Priority 1)		
Ref	MTFS Proposal	Recommendation	Response
1.6	Adoption and Special Guardianship Payments	That a report be submitted to the Panel in due course on the impact of the implementation of the refreshment of the payment policy	Noted
1.7 New Models of Care		That an update on progress with the development of the new models be submitted to a future meeting of the Panel.	Noted
N/A	Other Comments	That serious concern be expressed at the lack of detail within the proposals in respect of risk modelling and that a further report on progress in	A further report on progress around delivering the savings will be submitted to the panel before the end of 2017.

		delivering the savings and their impact upon service delivery be submitted to the Panel as soon as these became clear and before the end of 2017.	
E	invironment &		
Coi	mmunity Safety		
Scrut	iny Panel (Priority		
	3)		
Ref	MTFS Proposal	Recommendation	Response
3.2	Charging for	That concern be expressed at the potential for the	Noted
	Bulky Household	proposal to lead to an increase in fly tipping and	
	Waste	the achievability of the additional income specified	
		and, in the light of this, the following take place:	
		A communications campaign with emphasis on	
		the current penalty of £400 for fly tipping;	
		Consideration of an increase in the level of the	
		penalty; and	
		<ul> <li>Quarterly monitoring of the impact,</li> </ul>	
		benchmarked from the date of implementation	
		of the proposal and, in addition, a full review	
		after a year.	
3.3	Charging for	1. That there be discretion to waive the charge if	Noted
	Replacement	there is evidence of bins being damaged	
	Wheelie Bins	during collection;	
		2. That bins be made more clearly identifiable as	
		being from Haringey;	
		3. That the potential for the proposal to impact	
		adversely on income levels be noted; and	
		4. That the impact on the number of replacement	
		bins requested be monitored.	
3.6	Closure of Park	That the impact of closure be monitored closely	Noted
	View Road R&R	for any impact on the level of fly tipping	

	- Service reduction		
3.7	Rationalisation of Parking Visitor	The age for concessionary rate be reduced from 75 to 65; and	Noted
3.8	Permits Relocation of Parking/CCTV processes and appeals	2. That future increases in price be staged That concern be expressed about the proposal and that a full report on the issue, including an equalities impact assessment, be submitted to overview and scrutiny once market testing has taken place and before a decision is taken on procurement by Cabinet.	Noted

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# Corporate Priority 2

# Empower all adults to live healthy, long and fulfilling lives

Ref	Proposal	2018-19 £000's	2019-20 £000's	2020-21 £000's	2021-22 £000's	2022-23 £000's	Total £000's	Current Budget £000's	Current Staff	Delivery Risk RAG
	Haringey Learning Disability Partnership - Demand/Market/Operational Management	1,140	1,140	1,430	1,430	1,430	6,570	24,588	N/A	Amber
	Mental Health - Demand/Market/Operational Management	390	390	490	490	490	2,250	9,352		Amber
2.3	2.3 Physical Support - Demand/Market/Operational Management		860	1,070	1,070	1,070	4,930	24,320		Amber
	Total	2,390	2,390	2,990	2,990	2,990	13,750	58,260		
Corp	porate Priority 4	Drive g	rowth ar	nd empl	oyment	from wh	ich eve	ryone ca	n benefit	t
4.1	Consultancy Spend (Tottenham Regeneration)	50		-	-	-	50	1,604	38	Green
	Total	50	-	-	-	-	50	1,604	38	
Corpo	orate Priority 5	Create ho	mes and c	ommuniti	es where p	eople cho	ose to live	and are ab	le to thrive	
5.1	5.1 Reduction in Housing Related Support budget		120	-	-	-	170	8,652		Amber
	Total	50	120	-	-	-	170			ag
	Total (Pre-Agreed) Savings	2,490	2,510	2,990	2,990	2,990	13,970			0

# **Savings and Investment Pro-forma**

Financial (Savings) information to be presented on incremental basis

Financial (Savings) information to be	presented on incremental basis
Priority	2
Current Service Area	Haringey Learning Disability Partnership
Reference:	Maximising independence for Adults with LD
Council-Wide Saving (Yes/No)	No

Over five years, the Haringey Learning Disability Partnership, working jointly with Children's Services and with key partners such as the Clinical Commissioning Group and the London Borough of Islington, will implement a coherent strategy that aims to bring Haringey's demand and spending on adults with learning disabilities in line with our statistical neighbours and limit growth in spending in line with population growth. This strategy will require the following actions, which will realise benefits cumulatively as it is implemented:

#### **Demand management**

- Improved Transitions from CYPS to ASC
- Application of indicative needs bandings
- Assistive Technology to reduce the need for live-in or double-handed care
- Strengths-based assessment and support planning, with annual review

#### Market management

- Expand Supported Living units for adults with learning disabilities
- Deregistration of current residential providers
- Avoid residential and facilitate step-downs from residential where VfM
- Developing the market for Day Opportunities and Personal Assistants
- Specialist brokerage capacity for Learning Disabilities care packages
- Outcomes based commissioning from providers on Positive Behaviour Support
- Joint commissioning of LD services with London Borough of Islington and across the NCL five boroughs

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Preventing, reducing or delaying the need for acute or long-term care	Integration of health and social care services
Maximising independence, choice and control for service users	Better use of resources to meet needs
	Personalised care & support

	Financial Data		Workforce Data
Base Data			
Current budget	24,588	Employees	n/a

Savings/ Invest	£000	Change in employe	<sup>3</sup> age
Savings/ invest	2000	Change in employed	4
2018/19	1,140	2018/19	6
2019/20	1,140	2019/20	
2020/21	1,430	2020/21	
2021/22	1,430	2021/22	
2022/23	1,430	2022/23	
Total	6,570	Total	0

#### Operational management

- Workforce development on strengths-based assessment and support planning for workers and brokers
- Operational alignment across CCG and Adult Social Care as part of implementing a pooled budget from 2018/19
- Apply 'top up' policy to enable choice of provision while containing cost to the council

Key Policy Decisions		
What	When	
Direct Payments	Jan-18	
Capitalisation of OT capacity	Nov-17	
Top-up policy	Oct-17	
LD Section 75 agreement	Apr-18	
Respite Policy	Jan-18	
Fees & Charges	Jun-18	

Owner	John Everson
Version	v1.0
Date	06.10.2017

#### Supporting information not for the public domain

Risk	RAG
Political  Move to a pooled budget in 2018/19 with the CCG  That the full implementation of our Section 75 agreement with the CCG for LD spending is not based on a sufficient level of budget from either CCG or Council and that overspending/underachievement of targets is shared across the organisations	А
Comms around indicative needs banding That staff, providers or clients misunderstand the council's approach to applying indicative needs bands and challenge the use of this tool for allocation of limited resources, reducing the ability to manage budgets	
Delivery- Programme management  Availability and continuity of transformation support  That the lack of transformation resources to support delivery of projects such as Assistive Technology, Direct Payments and Transitions delays the implementation of service changes that will enable this strategy to deliver savings idetified	R

#### Mitigation

Aligned budgets in place for 2017/18 and ogoing discussions via LD Executive and Finance & Performance Partnership Board will be required to establish the budget; agreeing the overall strategy for LD maximising independence to ensure operational alignment around delivering reduced health and care spend.

Developing the policy and approach to indicative needs banding jointly with workers and brokers in services; distinguishing INB clearly from related but different concepts such as 'cap' or 'RAS'; corporate messaging required around the scale of the financial challenge and our approach to maximising independence.

Clear project briefs and supporting business cases for enabling projects beig developed by current Transformation Team and will establish the return on investment for these resources.

# **Savings and Investment Pro-forma**

Financial (Savings) information to be presented on incremental basis

Financial (Savings) information to be presented on incremental basis		
Priority	2	
Current Service Area	Mental Health	
Reference:	Maximising independence for Adults with MH	
Council-Wide Saving (Yes/No)	No	

Over five years, Adult Social Care will work closely with our delivery partner, Barnet, Enfield & Haringey Mental Health Trust, the Clinical Commissioning Group and our communities to strengthen the prevention and 'enablement' pathways for mental health and to ensure the support we provide minimises the long-run dependency of adults with mental health issues. For those whose needs require a social care intervention, we will develop the market and look at new commissioning arrangements to improve value for money as well as promoting choice and control for the service user. This strategy will require the following actions, which will realise benefits cumulatively as it is implemented:

#### **Demand management**

- 'Enablement' pathway, including Primary Care Mental Health Locality Hubs
- Application of indicative needs banding
- Increase take-up of Direct Payments by Mental Health clients
- Strengths-based assessment and support planning, with annual review
- Coordinate response to forensic mental health cases community discharge

#### Market management

- Expand Supported Living units for adults with mental health needs
- Deregistration of residential mental health providers to become Supported Living
- Avoid residential and facilitate step-downs from residential where VfM
- Specialist brokerage capacity for mental health care packages
- Develop the Clarendon Recovery College provision
- Joint commissioning of Mental Health services across the NCL five boroughs

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Preventing, reducing or delaying the need for acute or long-term care	Integration of health and social care services
Maximising independence, choice and control for service users	Better use of resources to meet needs
	Personalised care & support

	Financial Data		Workforce Data
Base Data			
Current budget	9,352	Employees	

			a g
Savings/ Invest	£000	Change in employee	es G
2018/19	390	2018/19	40
2019/20	390	2019/20	ω.
2020/21	490	2020/21	
2021/22	490	2021/22	
2022/23	490	2022/23	
Total	2,250	Total	0

#### Operational management

- Address recruitment & retention challenges for Mental Health social workers
- Workforce development on strengths-based assessment and support planning for workers and brokers
- Operational alignment across BEH Mental Health Trust and Adult Social Care
- Apply 'top up' policy to enable choice of provision while containing cost to the council

Key Policy Decisions		
What	When	
Direct Payments	Jan-18	
Capitalisation of OT capacity	Nov-17	
Top-up policy	Oct-17	
MH Section 75 agreement	Apr-18	
Respite Policy	Jan-18	
Fees & Charges	Jun-18	

Owner	Beverley Tarka
Version	v1.0
Date	06.10.2017

#### Supporting information not for the public domain

Risk	RAG
Political	
Comms around indicative needs banding That staff, providers or clients misunderstand the council's approach to applying indicative needs bands and challenge the use of this tool for allocation of limited resources, reducing the ability to manage budgets	G
Delivery- Programme management  Availability and continuity of transformation support  That the lack of transformation resources to support delivery of projects such as Assistive Technology, Direct Payments and Transitions delays the implementation of service changes that will enable this strategy to deliver savings idetified	R
Dependency on BEH Mental Health Trust  That the less direct influence over delivery of the Mental Health pathway due to the Mental Health Trust being the delivery lead reduces the pace and/or scale of the savings that can be made to MH care purchasing	А

Mitigation
Developing the policy and approach to indicative needs banding jointly with workers and brokers in services; distinguishing INB clearly from related but different concepts such as 'cap' or 'RAS'; corporate messaging required around the scale of the financial challenge and our approach to maximising independence.
Clear project briefs and supporting business cases for enabling projects beig developed by current Transformation Team and will establish the return on investment for these resources.

# **Savings and Investment Pro-forma**

Financial (Savings) information to be presented on incremental basis

i mandai (davings) information to be presented on incremental basis	
Priority	2
Current Service Area	Physical Support
Reference:	Maximising independence for Adults needing Physical Support
Council-Wide Saving (Yes/No)	No

Over the next five years, Adult Social Care, working with the CCG, acute providers and primary care will seek to extend independence, choice and control to those with physical support needs and further strengthen the pathways that prevent, reduce and delay the need for social care. This will offset projected growth, particularly from the 76-85 cohort of older people with physical support needs.

This strategy will require the following actions, which will realise benefits cumulatively as it is implemented:

#### Demand management

- Use of preventative equipment, adaptations & technology
- Admission avoidance, including falls, working with CCG
- Targeted expansion of reablement, including for cases from community
- Discharge to Assess, Out of Hospital services & intermediate care
- Expand the Assistive Technology offer within reablement & long-term care

#### Market management

- Develop a more outcomes-focused Homecare offer
- Develop the market for Day Opportunities for older people
- Target intermediate care provision and manage voids
- Expand the provision of ExtraCare supported housing for older people

#### Operational management

- Continued evaluation and review of BCF-funded services
- Apply 'top up' policy to enable choice of provision while containing cost to the council
- Develop an integrated Occupational Health offer across acute, social and primary care

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Preventing, reducing or delaying the need for acute or long-term care	Integration of health and social care services
Maximising independence, choice and control for service users	Better use of resources to meet needs
	Personalised care & support

	Financial Data		Workforce Data
Base Data			
Current budget	24,320	Employees	

T

Savings/ Invest	£000	Change in employe	
2018/19	860	2018/19	50
2019/20	860	2019/20	
2020/21	1,070	2020/21	
2021/22	1,070	2021/22	
2022/23	1,070	2022/23	
Total	4,930	Total	0

Key Policy Decisions		
What	When	
Direct Payments	Jan-18	
Capitalisation of OT capacity	Nov-17	
Top-up policy	Oct-17	
Respite Policy	Jan-18	
Fees & Charges	Jun-18	
Community Alarms Monitoring & Response	Jun-18	

Owner	Beverley Tarka
Version	v1.0
Date	06.10.2017

#### Supporting information not for the public domain

Risk	RAG
Political  iBCF funding to address DTOCs  That insufficient real terms investment of iBCF monies reduces the ability of the local authority to address current challenges around Delayed Transfers of Care, leading to future funding being withdrawn	R
Delivery- Programme management  Availability and continuity of transformation support  That the lack of transformation resources to support delivery of projects such as Assistive Technology, Direct Payments and Transitions delays the implementation of service changes that will enable this strategy to deliver savings idetified	
Diminishing returns to demand management  That there turns out to be less scope for further demand reduction beyond the measures successfully instituted in 2016/17 and 2017/18 due to the profile of need in Haringey and that without increased investment in prevention unavoidable demand rises	G

Corporate agreement required about the use of iBCF funding to support the Adults budget in 2018/19 in order to avoid losing future funding

Clear project briefs and supporting business cases for enabling projects beig developed by current Transformation Team and will establish the return on investment for these resources.

Establishing the evidence base to evaluate services such as Reablement to understand the current impact and clarify scope for further targeted expansion; focusing the development of a future Assistive Technology offer on known avoidable costs in provision of care; strengthen operational links with Primary Care to maximise prevention, early intervention and condition management.

# **Savings and Investment Pro-forma**

Financial (Savings) information to be presented on incremental basis

Priority	4
Current Service Area	Regeneration
Reference:	
Council-Wide Saving (Yes/No)	No

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
Delay to progression of some regeneration schemes / projects	Slow the progress of the regeneration programme

Following a detailed review of the overall Tottenham Regeneration programme budget, savings from General Fund (£50k) have been identified from 2018/19 on consultancy spend. These proposed savings followed a detailed review with the budget holders to determine what spend could be delayed or reduced to meet the savings the Council is required to make. The impact of reduced spend on consultants will mean that progression of regeneration schemes or projects may be delayed.

	o make. The impact of reduced spend on consultants eneration schemes or projects may be delayed.
	Key Policy Decisions
What	When
N/A	N/A

	Financial Data		Workforce Data
Base Data			
Current budget	1,604,228	Employees	38
Savings/ Invest	£000	Change in employe	es
2018/19	50	2018/19	0
2019/20		2019/20	
2020/21		2020/21	-
2021/22		2021/22	Page
2022/23		2022/23	g
Total	50	Total	<u></u>
			2

Owner	Helen Fisher
Version	1
Date	Oct-17

#### Supporting information not for the public domain

Risk	RAG
Political	G
Delivery- Programme management	G

# **Savings and Investment Pro-forma**

Financial (Savings) information to be presented on incremental basis

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Priority	5
Current Service Area	Housing
Reference:	S56300
Council-Wide Saving (Yes/No)	No

This is a budget that commissions services so does not fund council employees. The current budget (2017/18) still includes the funding due to be transferred to Adults Services following the implementation of the Housing Related Support Review. The split is as follows:

£4,654k to Adults Services £3,999k to remain in Housing Related Support

Savings offered:

Reduction in Housing Related Support budget by:

Potential Savings for 2018/19 of approx 50k by bringing monitoring roles back into the HRS team from HfH.

Additional savings of approx 120k in 19/20 by recommissioning community based homelessness prevention work.

Key Policy Decisions			
What	When		
Homelessness Strategy	Feb-18		

Impact on Residents	Outcomes
If a BME service is decommissioned, previous	More appropriate and effective services of

Base Data	Financial Data		Workforce Data
Current budget	8,652,300	Employees	none
Savings/ Invest	£000	Change in employe	es
2018/19	50	2018/19	0
2019/20	120	2019/20	0
2020/21		2020/21	
2021/22		2021/22	
2022/23		2022/23	
Total	170	Total	QU QU
		-	ge

Owner	
	Alan Benson
Version	
	1
Date	
	28/09/2017

### Supporting information not for the public domain

Risk	RAG
Political	
Lack of appetite to review of BME community groups funding	Amber
Delivery- Programme management	
Risk averse legal and financial advice	Amber
Capacity to deliver within Homelessness	
Strategy & Commissioning team	Amber
Improved joint working between LBH and HfH	
	Amber

Mitigation	

# Agenda Item 8

Report for: Children and Young People's Scrutiny Panel – 18 December 2017

Item number:

Title: Work Programme Update

Report

authorised by: Bernie Ryan, Assistant Director of Corporate Governance

Lead Officer: Robert Mack, Principal Scrutiny Officer, 0208 489 2921,

rob.mack@haringey.gov.uk

Ward(s) affected: All

Report for Key/

Non Key Decision: N/A

#### 1. Describe the issue under consideration

1.1 This report gives details of the proposed scrutiny work programme for the remainder of the municipal year.

#### 2. Cabinet Member Introduction

N/A

#### 3. Recommendations

- 3.1 (a) That the Panel considers its work programme, attached at **Appendix A**, and considers whether any amendments are required.
  - (b) That the Overview and Scrutiny Committee be asked to endorse any amendments at its next meeting.

#### 4. Reasons for decision

4.1 The work programme for Overview and Scrutiny was agreed by the Overview and Scrutiny Committee at its meeting on 17 July 2017. Arrangements for implementing the work programme have progressed and the latest plans for the Children and Young People's Scrutiny Panel are outlined in **Appendix A**.

#### 5. Alternative options considered

5.1 The Panel could choose not to review its work programme however this could diminish knowledge of the work of Overview and Scrutiny and would fail to keep the full membership updated on any changes to the work programme.

#### 6. Background information

6.1 The careful selection and prioritisation of work is essential if the scrutiny function is to be successful, add value and retain credibility. At its first meeting



- of the municipal year, on 13 June 2017, the Overview and Scrutiny Committee agreed a process for developing the 2017/18 scrutiny work programme.
- 6.2 Following this meeting, a number of activities took place, including various agenda planning meetings, where suggestions, including a number from members of the public, were discussed. From these discussions issues were prioritised and an indicative work programme agreed by the Overview and Scrutiny Committee in late July.
- 6.3 Whilst Scrutiny Panels are non-decision making bodies, i.e. work programmes must be approved by the Overview and Scrutiny Committee, this item gives the Panel an opportunity to oversee and monitor its work programme and to suggest amendments.

#### **Forward Plan**

- 6.4 Since the implementation of the Local Government Act and the introduction of the Council's Forward Plan, scrutiny members have found the Plan to be a useful tool in planning the overview and scrutiny work programme. The Forward Plan is updated each month but sets out key decisions for a 3 month period.
- 6.5 To ensure the information provided to the Panel is up to date, a copy of the most recent Forward Plan can be viewed via the link below:
  - http://www.minutes.haringey.gov.uk/mgListPlans.aspx?RP=110&RD=0&J=1
- 6.6 The Panel may want to consider the Forward Plan and discuss whether any of these items require further investigation or monitoring via scrutiny.

#### **Recommendations, Actions and Responses**

6.7 The issue of making, and monitoring, recommendations/actions is an important part of the scrutiny process. A verbal update on actions completed since the last meeting will be provided by the Principal Scrutiny Officer.

#### Contribution to strategic outcomes

- 6.8 The individual issues included within the work plan were identified following consideration by relevant Members and officers of Priority 1 of the Corporate Plan and the objectives linked. Their selection was specifically based on their potential to contribute to strategic outcomes.
- 7. Statutory Officers comments (Chief Finance Officer (including procurement), Assistant Director of Corporate Governance, Equalities)

#### **Finance and Procurement**

7.1 There are no financial implications arising from the recommendations set out in this report. Should any of the work undertaken by Overview and Scrutiny generate recommendations with financial implications then these will be highlighted at that time.



#### Legal

- 7.2 There are no immediate legal implications arising from this report.
- 7.3 Under Section 21 (6) of the Local Government Act 2000, an Overview and Scrutiny Committee has the power to appoint one or more sub-committees to discharge any of its functions.
- 7.4 In accordance with the Council's Constitution, the approval of the future scrutiny work programme and the appointment of Scrutiny Panels (to assist the scrutiny function) falls within the remit of the Overview and Scrutiny Committee.
- 7.5 Scrutiny Panels are non-decision making bodies and the work programme and any subsequent reports and recommendations that each scrutiny panel produces must be approved by the Overview and Scrutiny Committee. Such reports can then be referred to Cabinet or Council under agreed protocols.

#### **Equality**

- 7.6 The Council has a Public Sector Equality Duty under the Equality Act (2010) to have due regard to the need to:
  - Eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation and any other conduct prohibited under the Act;
  - Advance equality of opportunity between people who share those protected characteristics and people who do not;
  - Foster good relations between people who share those characteristics and people who do not.
- 7.7 The three parts of the duty applies to the following protected characteristics: age; disability; gender reassignment; pregnancy/maternity; race; religion/faith; sex and sexual orientation. In addition, marriage and civil partnership status applies to the first part of the duty.
- 7.8 The Panel should ensure that it addresses these duties by considering them during final scoping, evidence gathering and final reporting. This should include considering and clearly stating: How policy issues impact on different groups within the community, particularly those that share the nine protected characteristics; Whether the impact on particular groups is fair and proportionate; Whether there is equality of access to service and fair representation of all groups within Haringey; Whether any positive opportunities to advance equality of opportunity and/or good relations between people, are being realised.
- 7.9 The Panel should ensure that equalities comments are based on evidence, when possible. Wherever possible this should include demographic and service level data and evidence of residents/service-users views gathered through consultation
- 8. Use of Appendices



#### **Appendix A** – Work Programme

#### 9. Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985

9.1 External web links have been provided in this report. Haringey Council is not responsible for the contents or reliability of linked websites and does not necessarily endorse any views expressed within them. Listings should not be taken as an endorsement of any kind. It is your responsibility to check the terms and conditions of any other web sites you may visit. We cannot guarantee that these links will work all of the time and we have no control over the availability of the linked pages.



#### **Children and Young People's Scrutiny Panel**

#### Work Plan 2017-18

1. Scrutiny review projects; These will be dealt with through a combination of specific evidence gathering meetings that will be arranged as and when required and other activities, such as visits.

Project	Comments	Priority
Support for Refugee children	The review will consider the support that is available for refugee children arriving in Haringey, including:  • Support for refugee children in schools as well as for schools themselves;  • Trauma and mental health issues;  • What happens when refugee children reach the age of 18;  • Families with no recourse to public funds;  • How refugee children are placed within local authorities;  • How expertise and learning is shared; and  • Resource implications.	1.
Restorative Justice	<ul> <li>It is proposed that the review focus on the following areas:</li> <li>Current use of restorative justice and how it could be extended;</li> <li>Best practice examples elsewhere; and</li> <li>Increasing take up and exposure amongst black and minority ethnic communities and especially young black men.</li> <li>Proposals are currently in the process of being developed by both the Youth Justice Board and the Early</li> </ul>	2.

Help Partnership to extent the use of restorative justice and these are likely to be ready for discussion in December/January. It is therefore proposed that work on this issue be scheduled for later in the year.

2. **"One-off" Items; These** will be dealt with at scheduled meetings of the Panel. The following are suggestions for when particular items may be scheduled.

Date of meeting	Potential Items
29 June 2017	<ul> <li>Cabinet Member Questions; Cllr Weston (Children and Families) and Cllr Ayisi (Communities)</li> <li>Work Planning. To agree the work plan for the Panel for this year.</li> <li>Terms of Reference</li> <li>CAMHS provision for BAME young people and, in particular, those who come into contact with the youth justice system</li> </ul>
5 October 2017	<ul> <li>Financial Monitoring; To receive an update on the financial performance relating to Corporate Plan Priority 1.</li> <li>Budget savings - Progress in delivering the savings and their impact upon service delivery.</li> <li>Update on implementation of the recommendations of the Panel's review on Disproportionality within the Youth Justice System</li> </ul>

6 November 2017	<ul> <li>Cabinet Member Questions</li> <li>Chair of LSCB &amp; Annual Report</li> </ul>
18 December 2017	Budget scrutiny
8 March 2018	<ul> <li>Educational Attainment Performance; To report on educational attainment and performance for different groups, including children with SEND and LAC. Data on performance broken down into different groups, including children with SENDs, as well as ethnicity, age, household income etc. To include reference to any under achieving groups.</li> <li>Ethnic minority education attainment</li> </ul>

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